

SATURDAY MAY 17, 1856.

HAWAIIAN LEGISLATURE.
SESSION OF 1856.

House of Nobles.

certain laws. The petition was ordered for translation. The House then adjourned till to-morrow 12 o'clock M.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY—*May 14th.*—Prayer. Minutes read. There being no business to transact the House adjourned till to-morrow.

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY—May 18th.—Prayer. Minutes read and confirmed. Mr. Wylie of the Committee on the petition of 11 inhabitants of Honolulu reported, and the House accepted his report. A message was read transmitting an Act to allow certain divorced persons to marry again, and giving notice of the concurrence of the House of Representatives in the Opium Bill. The Bill allowing divorced persons to marry was read for the first time. The Rules having been suspended it was read for the second time, amended and passed. The Rules having been again suspended it was read for the third time and passed finally. The House then adjourned till Monday the 19th instant at 12 o'clock M.

THIRTY-FOURTH DAY—May 14th.—Met at 12 M. Minutes read and approved. Prayer. Mr. Richardson from the Committee on Judiciary reported the Bill referred to them—to enforce the performance of the duties of husband and wife. The Committee desired the re-

THIRTY-FIFTH DAY—May 15th.—Met at 12 M. Minutes. Prayer. Mr. Bartow from the Committee on Education made a report upon many petitions and suggestions which had been referred to them for consideration, which report on motion of Mr. Richardson was ordered for publication. In accordance with a suggestion of the Committee, the Members of Maui and Molokai were appointed a Select Committee to wait upon the Minister of the Interior and in the name of the House of Representatives, recommend that hereafter no licenses be granted for the establishment of theatres or circuses in Lahaina, and also that should application be made for permission to open another circus in Honolulu, it should be made to pay a heavier license. *Carr. Cavanaugh*

SUPREME COURT.
Melchers & Co. vs. Warren Goodale, Col. Gen. of

1855, in reply to one from Mr. Wyllie asking his views on the duties leviable by this government, under the treaty with France, both on French merchandise, and on foreign goods imported into this kingdom in French

ails. It was who made the treaty of Adrianople, and to me it belongs to tear it. We accept the rectification of the limits proposed for Bessarabia, and for the Asiatic Provinces.

"We adhere to the condition about not re-estab-

manner very creditable to themselves and their teachers. Their orations were all original, well written, and generally well delivered. No part of the performances were more highly applauded than the singing.

SUPREME COURT

action brought by the plaintiffs, the firm & Co., of Honolulu, to recover from the Collector General of Customs, the sum of one hundred and forty-one 8-100 dollar interest, from the 27th day of September 1846, until the plaintiffs aver was an overcharge made by the defendant, on the duties levied at that date, under protest, on *accompanied* by them in the Danish ship *Ara*, at Hong Kong. The facts as set forth in the petition are believed to be true by the district judge, and the case was submitted, on those facts, to the court.

It was argued before Judge Robertson, acting as the April Term of 1855, who gave his decision in favor of the plaintiffs, and from his decision was taken to the full bench of the Supreme Court, consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice, Esq., for defendant.

The court affirmed the decision of the court, on the 9th of October 1846, the Hawaiian instruments entered into a Convention of friendship, the seventh article of which is the *in* reads as follows, viz:

NIL—No Danish productions, or any other

FOREIGN NEWS.

Peace Conferences at Paris. The *Emancipation Belge* publishes a communication purporting to proceed from Paris, which says that the first four points were at once decided on Thursday; that the discussion of Saturday was reported to be very warm, and was so, in fact, between Ben Bruneau and the English Plenipotentiaries, during which Count de Hoff remained quiet, but that at last he broke his long silence, and said as follows:

"Peace must be restored to the civilized world. We are all great enough to pass over certain details. It was I who made the treaty of Adrianople, and to me it belongs to tear it. We accept the rectification of the limits proposed for Bessarabia, and for the Asiatic Provinces."

"We adhere to the condition about not re-establishing."

The examining committee was composed of Dr. R. W. Wood, Rev. Mr. Speer, of California, and Dr. Hillebrand, whose report will speak for itself when it shall appear before the public at the close of the examinations. The school was addressed in terms of high commendation, by gentlemen of the committee, and others present.

The rhetorical exercises of the students took place in the Court-house in the evening, and here the crowd was so great that many could not obtain seats, and some were obliged to sit on the ground. The young gentlemen who spoke were acknowledged, on all hands, to have acquitted themselves in a manner very creditable to themselves and their teachers. Their orations were all original, well written, and generally well delivered. No part of the performances were more highly applauded than